

BOATSWAIN IS CITED FOR GREAT HEROISM

NOW JOHN MACKENZIE SAVED THE REMLIK WHEN A DEPTH CHARGE BROKE LOOSE.

HE CAPTURED THE BIG BOMB

Delivery of Locomotives Ordered by Government Starts in July—German Limits Spending Money of American Prisoners and Interned Civilians.

(From Committee on Public Information.) Washington.—Many members of the United States army and navy are being commended for bravery in action or in emergencies. A typical case is that of John Mackenzie, chief boatswain's mate, of the naval reserve force, described in a navy department statement.

The case is unique in that it has to do with one of the latest engines of war. As is well known, United States destroyers and other submarine fighters carry depth charges containing a large amount of high explosives which are dropped in the path of enemy submarines and explode under water. These have proved effective weapons in the destruction of U-boats, and they are safe enough when the safety pins are affixed; but when they get beyond control and the safety pin comes out they are a source of serious danger to the vessels carrying them. It will be recalled that the men on the U. S. S. *Kawley* who lost their lives in the collision of that destroyer with a British vessel were killed by the explosion of one of these bombs.

In a heavy gale on the morning of December 17, 1917, a depth charge on the *Remlik* broke loose from its position on the stern. The box went overboard, but the charge was hurled in the opposite direction and went bounding about the deck. As it weighed hundreds of pounds it was impossible for anyone to lift the bomb and carry it to safety. It was even dangerous for anyone to go to that part of the ship, as the seas were washing over the stern. As the officers and crew watched the bomb some one shouted: "The pin's come out!" Realizing the danger, Mackenzie, exclaiming, "Watch me! I'll get it," dashed down the deck and flung himself upon the charging cylinder. Three times he almost had his arms about the bomb, but each time it tore from him, once almost crushing him. The fourth time he got a firm grip on it and heaved it up right on one flat end. Then he sat on it and held it down. The charge might have broken loose again and exploded at any moment, blowing Mackenzie to bits, but he held on firmly until lines could be run to him and man and depth bomb safely hauled. Soon afterward the ship was headed up into the sea and the charge carried to a place of safety.

The commanding officer of the *Remlik*, in his report recommending that the medal of honor be conferred on Mackenzie, says:

"Mackenzie, in acting as he did, exposed his life and prevented a serious accident to the ship and probable loss of the ship and entire crew. Had this depth charge exploded on the quarter-deck with the sea and wind that existed at the time there is no doubt that the ship would have been lost."

Money intended for interned civilians and prisoners of war in Germany should be remitted through the bureau of prisoners' relief, American Red Cross, Washington, D. C. Remittances so made will probably not be delivered to addressees by the German government in cash, but in the form of credit on prison exchanges.

According to the Spanish ambassador at Berlin, the war department states that there are no restrictions in regard to the remittance of money for civilian and military prisoners. Such money is placed to prisoners' credit, and may be spent under the following regulations:

"Military prisoners. Sixty marks weekly may be spent by officers and others of similar rank; 50 marks weekly by non-commissioned officers and men.

"Civilian prisoners. Sixty marks weekly for men of better social position; 50 marks weekly for others."

A study is being made of the formulae and manufacturing processes of medicines requiring glycerin, and plans for the curtailment of the quantity now used in case it becomes necessary will be submitted to the general medical board of the Council of National Defense.

It is announced in the Bohemian press that experiments made with "paper cloth" have proved so successful that Hungarian state railways are to furnish their employees with summer clothing of this fabric.

In its regulations governing the price of wool the war industries board allows dealers to make a charge of three per cent of the selling price if the wool is not graded, and 3½ per cent if graded. This commission is to cover all storage, cartage and insurance.

An additional credit of \$3,250,000 has been extended to Belgium by the United States, making a total of \$107,150,000 loaned to that country, and credits to all the allies \$5,288,550,000.

The national forests this year will be open to 500,000 more sheep and nearly 250,000 more cattle than in 1917. This will bring the total of stock grazed under permit to about 9,000,000 sheep, 2,200,000 head of cattle, and 67,000 swine.

This increase is in addition to the 220,000 sheep and 100,000 cattle made last year.

Uncle Eben.
"Some folks dat's most industrious," said Uncle Eben, "ain't got de best dispositions; same as a bee."

Delivery of the first of the 1,025 locomotives ordered by the railroad administration will start in July, and deliveries will continue monthly during the rest of the year. The locomotives are of six standard types, with one heavy and one light style in each type. They vary in weight from 200,000 pounds to 540,000 pounds, and the entire order will cost about \$80,000,000. The six standard types are expected to eventually supersede the many kinds now in service, which embrace engines built according to 500 or more specifications. According to the railroad administration, this is the first real step ever taken toward the wide standardization of locomotives.

An order has also been placed for 100,000 freight cars of standard type to cost between \$250,000,000 and \$300,000,000. Negotiations for the construction of many thousand additional steel freight cars are still pending. The five types of cars ordered represent the standard forms of freight cars adopted by the railroad administration.

The adoption of these standard types, it is believed, will eventually substitute a few scientifically worked-out designs for the numerous miscellaneous varieties of cars, representing probably more than a thousand different old styles and specifications now in use, the accumulations of the past.

Before an airplane can be put into military service it must be equipped with at least nine delicate aeronautical instruments, some of which are absolutely essential to exact flying, and all contribute to the successful operation of a plane. One gives the pilot his location as to height and direction; others tell his speed through the air, the speed of his propeller, the amount of gasoline carried, water temperature, operation of the oiling system, and guide his "banking" on turns. Another necessary article is the oxygen-supplying apparatus, without which an aviator could not climb to any great height.

For operation of actual combat planes, such as observing, photographing, bombing, and fighting planes, other complicated and expensive instruments and sets of apparatus are necessary. Among them are machine guns, gun mounts, bomb racks, bomb dropping devices, bomb sights, radio and photographic apparatus, electrically heated clothing, lights and flares. These bring the total cost of equipment for an airplane to several thousand dollars each, depending upon the type of plane.

Nearly 2,000 types and sizes of farm implements which have been gradually developed by manufacturers during peace-time competition have been recommended for elimination during the war by committees of the National Implement and Vehicle association. The object, according to a statement by the Council of National Defense, is to conserve materials, labor, capital, and manufacturing facilities for war use.

In the report of the committee meetings to the commercial economy board of the Council of National Defense it was stated that no machinery recommended for discard was believed to be necessary to modern economical agriculture. The lines considered by the committees consisted of steel and chilled plows, grain drills, seeders, and other tillage implements and farm cultivators.

Such of the recommendations as the board deems suitable, with others from different sources, are being brought to the attention of all implement manufacturers and jobbers, and as many retail dealers as may be reached, through questionnaires.

A number of high-grade news photographers are urgently needed by the signal corps. These men must have expert experience in the handling of speed cameras, such as Graflex, Graphic, and also understand speeds of lenses and various makes of cameras and operation of same. Only those men who can furnish references as to their actual experience as news photographers will receive consideration.

The men selected for this branch of the service will be sent to a school for military training. Upon completion of the training they will be promoted to grades of sergeant, first class, and will be ordered overseas in a short time. Applicants must be citizens of the United States between the ages of 21 and 31. All communications should be addressed to Air Division, Training Section, Photographic Branch, Washington, D. C.

Advice from Shanghai states that the subscriptions to the third Liberty Loan there amount to over \$600,000, and a report from the American embassy in Mexico City states the subscriptions there are more than \$350,000.

Regulations for bread-making in Sweden permit only nine kinds, the weight and price being prescribed by law. Only rye, wheat, barley, or oat flour may be used, and for ordinary bread the use of butter, lard or other fat, milk or cream is prohibited.

Recent contracts by the war department authorize the manufacture of 3,500,000 pairs of metallic-fastened field shoes for overseas use. The average price was about \$7.75 a pair.

Contracts have also been awarded for the manufacture of 2,000,000 pairs of field well shoes for United States and overseas service, the average price being \$6.50.

The Difference.
Boost, don't boast. One gets something, the other doesn't.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

China Has Women Soldiers.
China, first in many things, had women soldiers long before they were known in Russia. During the Tae Ping rebellion, 1850, women, as well as men, served in the ranks. In Nanking, in 1853, an army of 500,000 women was recruited. They were divided into brigades of 13,000 each and were commanded by women officers.

Many Shocks Followed Earthquake.
The Messina earthquake of 1908 was followed by no less than 1,227 aftershocks.

STATE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Latest Gleanings From All Over the State.

THINGS SEEN AND HEARD

Rockville.—Municipal elections were held in a number of Montgomery county towns last week. At Glen Echo there was a fight over the mayoralty. James Houghton, for two years a member of the Town Council, defeating Dr. Julian B. Hubbell. Councilman W. T. Denell and J. J. Decker were elected to the Council.

At Rockville Mayor Lee Offutt was re-elected, as were Councilmen Otis M. Lathicum, Joseph L. Clagett, Martin F. Heim and Otto H. W. Talbot. There was no contest at Kensington. Mayor Edgar G. Moore was re-elected, as were Councilmen W. B. Push and Harry C. Armstrong. Ralph M. Hendricks was chosen a member of the Council in place of A. W. Levensaler.

Annapolis.—As a tribute from the members of the classes of midshipmen who graduated from the Naval Academy in 1916 and 1917 there was erected in the Naval Cemetery over the grave of the late Bonbrister Charles A. Zimmerman, for years leader of the Academy band, an imposing monument composed of Maryland granite. In the form of a cross with a triple base, the monument is one of the handsomest in the Naval Cemetery. In addition to the dates, 1891-1916, and the name of the deceased, there is inscribed on the memorial the statement that he was leader of the Academy band for 34 years and the announcement that the memorial is erected "by his midshipmen friends."

Princess Anne.—Food Administrator Charles C. Golder summoned G. N. Vetter, groceryman, on Deal's Island, to appear before him for a hearing at the postoffice on Deal's Island for violations of the regulation of the United States Food Administration. After hearing Mr. Vetter and several witnesses, Mr. Golder ordered his store closed from 6 A. M. Saturday until 6 A. M. Tuesday, and his store placarded as closed for violation of the food regulations.

Hagerstown.—Major Joseph C. Byron, for several years a school commissioner, will resign. He has been asked to take a position in Washington under the Government. Major Byron, when the County School Board reorganized Tuesday, was succeeded as president by Charles A. Weagley. His resignation was handed Governor Harrington. Major Byron, who was with the American Army in the Boxer Rebellion in China, was trained at West Point.

Easton.—Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Knode, Jr., of Frederick, Md., who were en route to Princess Anne in their automobile, were badly injured on the road from Easton to Centerville, about five miles from Easton, when the steering gear broke and Mr. Knode lost control of his machine. The car crashed into a telephone pole and upset, throwing both occupants out. Mrs. Knode's collarbone was broken and she was injured internally.

Frostburg.—The annual report of Frostburg shows receipts, corporate account, for the year amounting to \$24,599.98 and expenditures of equal amount. The treasurer's report shows: Cash, \$1,602.16; receipts, \$30,951.63; expenditures, \$30,920; cash on hand, \$31.63. The water fund showed cash on hand, \$2,339.11, and receipts, \$13,433.37. The expenditures were \$12,902.29, leaving a balance of \$531.17.

Clarksville.—A troop of 12 Boy Scouts got 42 subscriptions for Liberty bonds amounting to \$10,250 in the special week's campaign set aside for the Boy Scouts of America from April 27 to May 4. The troop was started recently. Clarksville has only 50 inhabitants and is about the center of Howard county, 10 miles from any town of size.

Cumberland.—Albert R. Keeseecker is in jail here as a deserter from Fort Hancock, Georgia, after he failed to convince the authorities that he had committed suicide. His soldier clothes, with a note of farewell to his wife, were found on the river bank. William Grace, this city, is in jail as an abettor, having furnished Keeseecker civilian clothes, it is charged.

Elkton.—Complete reports from the Third Liberty Loan in Cecil county show that the subscriptions total \$662,909, or more than double the county's quota. Of the above amount, \$29,900 was subscribed by employees of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The quota for the county was \$330,400. Cecil county is one of the few counties in the State that doubled its quota.

Cumberland.—Word was received here that Samuel Connelly, son of Edward M. Connelly, Baltimore and Ohio engineer, has been shot through the hand while in the first line trenches in France. Connelly enlisted in the United States Marines here in April, 1917.

Hagerstown.—Commencement exercises will be held by the high schools of Washington county as follows: Hagerstown, June 7, 10 A. M.; Boonsboro, June 7, 2:30 P. M.; Clearspring, June 7, 8 P. M.; Smithsburg and Williamsport, June 8, 8 P. M.

Lonaconing.—Thomas A. Smith was re-elected Mayor for the seventh term, without opposition. David C. Laird, incumbent, William D. Fisher and Thomas McKinnon were chosen Councilmen without opposition.

STATE CAPITAL

City Asking For Early Decision.

Annapolis.—As the suit entered by A. C. Eyler in the Circuit Court of Baltimore county involves all of the various points raised by the opponents of annexation, it is hoped that the case will be pushed to the Court of Appeals as soon as possible, so that a decision will be had early in the fall or before the city begins on next year's levy.

Judge Duncan's decision is looked for from day to day and whatever this may be, it will be appealed by the loser. The taxpayers residing in the section affected should know their status without unnecessary delay, especially since the county authorities are not making any needed improvements, pending a final decision.

The Eyler suit is against the measure and County Commissioners. He asks for an injunction to prevent the Treasurer from collecting an assessment of \$175 upon his property in Arlington, as his share of the expense of a sewerage system which the State Board of Health has ordered the commissioners to install and put in operation in Arlington and vicinity.

The bill states that the State Board of Health had passed the order on October 23, 1914, that although the assessments had been made no work has been done toward the construction of the sewerage system, nor will any be done at least for 15 months. By the act extending the limits of Baltimore City, the entire Arlington district will be brought in and then the power and duty of the County Commissioners with reference to building the sewerage system will cease. Inasmuch as the county will not build the system, Mr. Eyler asks an injunction to prevent the treasurer from collecting the assessment made against his property, as his share of the cost of the work which will never be done.

The answer of the treasurer and County Commissioners admits that they have not begun the construction of the system, and says that by reason of conditions caused by the war, it is impracticable at this time to do any actual construction work, but they desire to collect the assessments in order to be in a position to carry out the work as soon as conditions will permit. The answer then sets up the contention that the act extending the city limits is void for the following reasons:

Because it violates Section 29 of Article 3;

Because it violates Section 1 of Article 13;

Because the act deprives the County Commissioners of property without due process of law, contrary to the Fourteenth Amendment;

Because two of the County Commissioners and one of the members of the House of Delegates live in the territory to be added to Baltimore City; and

Because the tax rate in the new annex will be 60 per cent. of the full city rate, while the rural rate in the present annex will be only one-third of the full city rate.

It is held by local attorneys that the case of *Daly vs. Morgan* disposes of the first two contentions, while the third is answered in the decision in *Baltimore vs. State*, 15 Md., which holds that transferring the title of public property from one public agency to another is not a taking of property within the measure of the Fourteenth Amendment.

There is said to be nothing in the fourth contention, the contention being that persons to be eligible for county commissioners or members of the legislature must be residents of the county, meaning when they are elected. The lawyers also say the Annexation act provides, by Section 18, that these officers shall continue to serve out their term. The terms of the county commissioners will expire in November, 1919, and the term of Mr. Bryant is over now, unless there should be an extra session of the legislature.

The fifth objection, they say, is one that was saved to the county people by Messrs. Benson, McIntosh and Bryant defeating the bill which the city offered to increase the rural rate in the present annex to the same rate as that provided for the new annex. It is claimed there is nothing, however, in this objection, because the Constitution only requires that the tax rate shall be the same in the same taxing district, and the present annex and the new annex are two separate taxing districts.

Sheep Raising Boosted.

Taking as their slogan "A million sheep for Maryland," between 50 and 100 prominent farmers from all sections of the State gathered at the Hotel Rennett, Baltimore, and organized the Sheep Growers' Association of Maryland. The purpose of the new organization is to lend its support to all agencies and endeavors which will uphold the sheep-growing industry in Maryland, and especially to put itself behind the enforcement of the new State-wide Dog Law, in the belief that the elimination of the stray, sheep-killing dog is essential to the development of the business.

Edward A. Cockey, of Baltimore county, was elected president of the association.

Snow Hill.—William S. Parsons was elected Mayor of Snow Hill to succeed Charles W. Gordrey, who declined re-election. Leroy Smith, Charles U. Shockley, George W. Vincent and Charles E. Hill were elected Councilmen. There was no contest.

Easton.—Mrs. Bessie Spencer, aged about 54 years, widow of Alex Spencer of this town, dropped dead on the street here. She had been visiting a friend and was returning home when stricken with apoplexy.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.) (Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR MAY 19

JESUS THE DIVINE SERVANT EXERCISING KINGLY AUTHORITY.

LESSON TEXT—Mark 11:1-13.

GOLDEN TEXT—All power is given unto Me in heaven and in earth.—Matthew 28:18.

DEVOTIONAL READINGS—Revelation 5:9-14; 7:9-12.

ADDITIONAL MATERIAL FOR TEACHERS—Matthew 21:33-46; Luke 19:45; 20:3; compare John 2:13-17; John 12:12-15.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Jesus riding into the city.

LESSON MATERIAL—Mark 11:1-10. MEMORY VERSE—Hosanna: blessed is He that cometh in the name of the Lord.—Mark 11:9.

JUNIOR TOPIC—The King entering the capital city.

LESSON MATERIAL—Mark 11:1-10. INTERMEDIATE TOPIC—Jesus and the temple.

LESSON TEXT—Mark 11:15-19; compare Luke 2:22-35; John 2:13-17.

For WHITSUNDAY LESSON: LESSON TEXT—John 16:7-14.

GOLDEN TEXT—He shall guide you into all the truth.—John 16:13.

I. Jesus Officially Presented to the Jewish Nation as King (vv. 1-11). This should not be designated the "triumphal entry," for it was only in outward appearance. The shouts were empty and meaningless. It was the promised King publicly offering himself to the nation.

1. The preparation (vv. 1-6).

(1) Two disciples sent for the ass (vv. 1-3).

He told them just where to go to find it, and how to answer the owner's inquiry. This shows how perfectly the Lord knows our ways. His matchless gaze beholds all that we think or do, by day or night. It also shows that God uses unlikely and insignificant things in the accomplishment of His purposes. The providing of this animal was the working out of the Divine plan according to Christ's foreknowledge.

(2) Obedience of the disciples (vv. 4-6).

Without asking why, they go at his bidding. The command may have seemed strange and unreasonable, but they rendered explicit obedience. The true disciple will render full and glad obedience, no matter how strange or unreasonable the command may seem.

2. The entry into the city of Jerusalem (vv. 7-10).

(1) The disciples put their garments upon the ass and set the Lord upon it (v. 7).

This act showed their recognition of him as their king (2 Kings 9:13).

(2) The multitude.

Some spread their garments in the way; others who had no garments to spare, cut down branches and strewn them in the way, which was just as acceptable unto him. To give what we have and do what we can, is all that the Lord demands of us. This entry was in fulfillment of a prophecy uttered some five hundred years before (Zech. 9:9). They uttered the very cry which the prophet predicted. This is a clue to enable one to understand the prophecies which are unfulfilled as yet. If the prediction of his first coming was thus literally fulfilled, we must believe that those of his second coming will likewise be literally fulfilled. They stand or fall together. The first is established beyond a doubt; the second we should just as heartily believe. The prediction of Zachariah 14:3-11 will be just as literally fulfilled as that of Zachariah 9:9.

(3) The Lord's action (v. 10).

Upon entering the Temple, he looked around upon all things; but as it was eventide he withdrew to Bethany with the twelve.

II. Jesus Exercising His Royal Authority (vv. 12-19). 1. The barren fig tree cursed (vv. 12-14). The fig tree is typical of the Jewish nation. The fruit normally appears on the fig tree ahead of the leaves. The presence of leaves is the assurance of fruit. This was an acted parable of the Lord's judgment on Israel for pretension of being the chosen people without the fruits thereof. It indicated the spiritual state of the Jews.

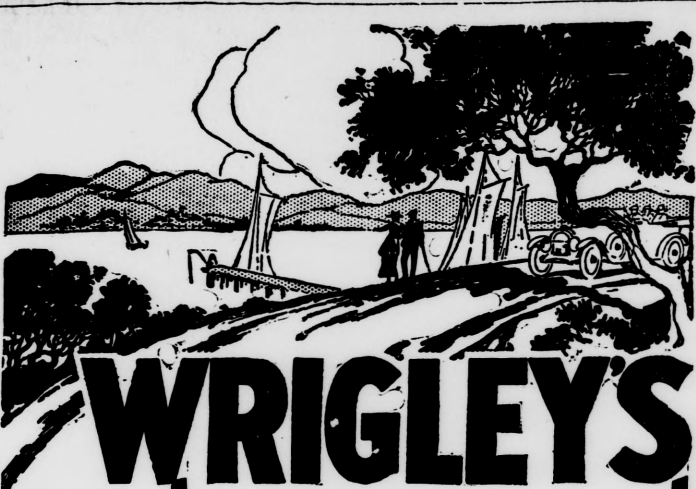
2. The Temple cleansed (vv. 15-19).

For the various sacrifices in the Temple, many oxen, sheep and doves were needed. Many persons came from the distant parts of the land; therefore it was impracticable for them to bring their sacrifices with them, so they brought money and bought the animals needed. This privilege the law had granted to them (Deut. 14:24-26), for the exchange was necessary. When even men used it as an opportunity for gain, it became an offense before God. It defiled his house. He made himself a scourge of cords, and drove out the money changers, overthrowing their tables and pouring out their money. By this act he declared himself to be the Lord of the Temple and one with God. That which God intended to be a house of prayer for all nations was being made a "den of thieves."

III. Jesus' Authority Challenged (vv. 27-33). They challenged him to show by what authority he accepted the honors of the Messiah, and who gave him the authority to cast out the money-changers. This placed Jesus in a dilemma. He responded by a question which placed them in a counter-dilemma.

Pancakes Muscle Makers.

It is a common mistake to suppose that to get the necessary strength to do hard manual labor a heavy meat diet is necessary. This is far from correct. Muscular labor does not materially affect the demand for minerals and proteins, but rather for starches, fats, and sugars. Therefore any additional waste through muscular effort could be much better repaired by pancakes and stews than by roast beef, for as much moisture and heat are wasted as tissue, so it is fuel that is required.—Popular Science Monthly.



"After every meal"

Spring is in the air—the fields and woods and waters call—

And to add to the zest of outdoor pleasures nothing affords the long-lasting refreshment of WRIGLEY'S—

So carry it always with you.

The Flavor Lasts



The Solicitous Senator.
"Have the war appropriations gone through?"
"Not yet, senator. I'm glad to see you so interested."
"Yes. I want to tack on a little salary increase for a constituent of mine."

An Easy One.
"I want a good motto for my book on sea travels."
"Why not try 'Sic transit?'"

His Hope.
"I hope they'll try it in July and August."
"What?"
"Giving us heatless days by government regulation."

A new device which has recently been patented will enable anybody to scale a fish quickly.

There's a lot of morning insomnia in one little innocent fly.



Both Ends (Producer and Consumer) Against The Middle (The Packer)

The consumer wants to pay a low price for meat.

The farmer wants to get a high price for cattle.

The packer stands between these conflicting demands, and finds it impossible to completely satisfy both.

The packer has no control over the prices of live stock or meat, and the most that can be expected of him is that he keep the difference between the two as low as possible. He does this successfully by converting animals into meat and distributing the meat at a minimum of expense, and at a profit too small to be noticeable in the farmer's returns for live stock or in the meat bill of the consumer.

Swift & Company's 1917 transactions in Cattle were as follows:

	Average Per Head
Sold Meat to Retailer for	\$58.97
Sold By-products for	24.09
Total Receipts	93.06
Paid to Cattle Raiser	84.45
Balance (not paid to Cattle Raiser)	8.61
Paid for labor and expenses at Packing House, Freight on Meat, and Cost of operating Branch distributing houses	7.32
Remaining in Packer's hands as Returns on investment	\$ 1.29

The net profit was \$1.29 per head, or about one-fourth of a cent per pound of beef.

By what other method can the difference between cattle prices and beef prices be made smaller, and how can the conflicting demands of producer and consumer be better satisfied?

1918 Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request. Address Swift & Company, Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Middletown Transcript

Published Every Saturday Morning

—AT—

Middletown, New Castle Co, Delaware

—BY—

The Middletown Transcript Co.

(INCORPORATED)

LONG DISTANCE PHONE NO 37

Second-class matter

MIDDLETOWN, DEL., MAY 18, 1918



"KULTUR" IS LUST—GREED

JUST as the basis of the dirty Mormon cult is lust, so all these years of Germany's brutal war are plainly showing that the basis of her yet more infamous "Kultur" is GREED.

For nearly four years the Huns have in a thousand ways proved themselves monsters of hideous cruelty, their special victims being the weak and defenceless—women, children and the aged. Hell harbors no demons more cruel than these German brutes who inflict pain and shed innocent blood systematically, universally. The early barbarians of fifteen centuries ago were more humane, more chivalrous than these German devils, who are horribly making good their boast to renew the days of Tamerlane and Attila, with their rapings wholesale, their wanton maimings of helpless children and prisoners and their indiscriminate massacres of innocent non-combatants.

But these fiends have proved themselves also inspired by the sordid motive of GREED in the prosecution of their awful war, proved that lust and blood were but the mere by-plays to their main purpose—THEFT.

As a nation, in the millions of her pillaging soldiery, and in the millions of her applauding citizenry at home, Germany is disclosing herself in the ignoble guise of a big THIEF engaged in wholesale looting, in sacking cities, towns and villages and thereafter shipping train loads of plunder back home. Even officers in high command, following the example of that half-idiot beast of a Crown Prince, are ransacking private residences for plate, pictures, coin, anything of great value, and sending the stolen goods off to the noble Fatherland! The disgraceful looting has been reduced to a science and is practiced by all from the common soldiers up, including the Red Cross corps!

So depraved is the national sense of honor, and withal, so crazy the Potsdam Gang that they are boastfully proclaiming their own infamy, by setting out an itemized catalog of their huge thefts, the thousands of gold watches, pieces of costly gold and silver plate, works of art, fine laces, etc. etc., they filched away from Belgium, France, etc., together with the number of historic churches and cathedrals they have destroyed, like the Rheims Cathedral, the splendid public buildings at Louvain and elsewhere! All this damning confession of barbarism these modern Huns, whose brutal deeds surpass their barbaric models, were recently made in the Spanish newspapers in order to frighten the Spaniards from resenting their insults and outrages!

Thus this new heathen gospel of Germany's, her boasted "Kultur," as all the world now well knows both from stated proclamation and from four years practice, has two "made-in-Germany" substitutes for Jehovah's Decalog, to-wit, "Thou shalt kill," and "Thou shalt steal."

HUN EYES OPENING

PURSUANT to an official policy of "schrecklichkeit," frightfulness, to terrorize the people, the German soldiers in their invasions of Belgium and France, indulged in horrible orgies of rape and murder of unarmed citizens that spared neither age nor sex. These awful deeds were repeated in Serbia, Poland, Italy, Russia and Armenia.

Commissions in England, and in those countries composed of their most distinguished and upright citizens, men of national repute for fairness and ability, after long and careful hearings of thousands of eye witnesses, found in every case that the awful charges were absolutely true; and their collective reports in several languages, form the most terrific indictment ever lodged against any nation, an indictment that pillories the German name and people for all time. Fresh illustrations of un-

thinkable barbarities have added to this damning verdict, till now it has passed into history, universally accepted as true by all the world.

The 20th nation, Gustamala, has declared war on Germany, and the edunit exonerations of nearly all mankind and of the Press of almost the whole world, are falling with stunning force upon the Hun Criminal, piercing at last even its thick hide.

Now they are starting missionary efforts "to clean up the German name," to "recover her world standing" etc. Prince Maximilian, heir to the Baden throne, who angered the Kaiser in 1917 by protesting against these frightful barbarities of his countrymen, hopes "Germany's good name may yet be saved," for "if she loses her moral position in the world all her 'victories' will bring her but shame, dishonor and finally disintegration and death." Alas! this wisdom comes too late.

Herr von Gerlach, Maximilian Harden and Dr. Nauman sound the same warning that the strongest nation cannot live without the political friendships of other nations. But Dr. Wilhelm Nuhlen, former director of the Krupp Works, most savagely accuses the rulers of Germany:

"Since the first days of 1917 I have abandoned all hope as regards the present directors of Germany."

"Our offer of peace without indication of our war aims, the accentuation of the submarine war, the systematic destruction in France and the torpedoing of English hospital ships have so degraded the governors of the German empire that I am profoundly convinced that they are disqualified forever for the making of a sincere and just agreement."

He sadly confesses that the damage to his country is irreparable.

He is right there is no way to restore the polluted German name; the task would be as impossible as the attempt to sweeten a rotten egg.

A just retribution for Germany's awful crimes will carry War's scourge right into the heart of her land, with its ruined cities and towns, its homeless, starving women and children suffering some of the pangs the women and children of all these German-desolated lands have so long endured—these, and other inescapable horrors not willfully inflicted as were hers upon her sister lands, will give her a slight taste of the great wrong she has committed, and in the lurid light of her burning firesides she will read her own just doom.

Harry Smith Up-to-date

Plumbing,
Steam Fitting,
Pump Repairing, &c.

A share of your patronage is solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Phone.

NORTH BROAD STREET,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

HOTEL CHANNELL

Illinois and Pacific Aves.
Atlantic City, N. J.

is situated in the heart of the most fashionable part of Atlantic City. It is centrally located and is midway between all stations and within a stones throw of the largest concrete 17 story resort hotel in the world.

Reasonable Rates. Open surroundings. Rates 200 up. Hotel Channell has a Beach Front View, with a capacity of 250. Steam heat, running water, and private baths. The hotel has undergone extensive repairs and renovation during the past winter with more private baths and running water. It is one of the best modern Price Family Hotels in the City noted for its excellent table and best of service. American and European.

Doors and windows screened in summer. Bathing allowed from the hotel. Write for booklet to get terms for this season. Yours Respectfully,
A. C. CHANNELL,
Owner and Prop.

REAL ESTATE

Have just received another farm of 143 acres, with nice dwelling, one mile from Railroad Station, 14 miles from Wilmington.

Also have very good store now for rent. This store is well located, and a greater number of persons pass its doors each day than any other business place in town. Possession at once.

JOHN HELDMYER JR.,
Real Estate Broker,
Middletown, Del.

REAL ESTATE SOLD

April 10th. Dwelling of James Jarrell, to Joshua Simmons.

April 25th. Ryan dwelling, to John P. Vandegrift.

May 9th. Dwelling of John P. McIntyre to Edward M. Records.

JOHN HELDMYER, JR.
Middletown, Del.

The Transcript, \$1.00

DELAWARE TRUST COMPANY

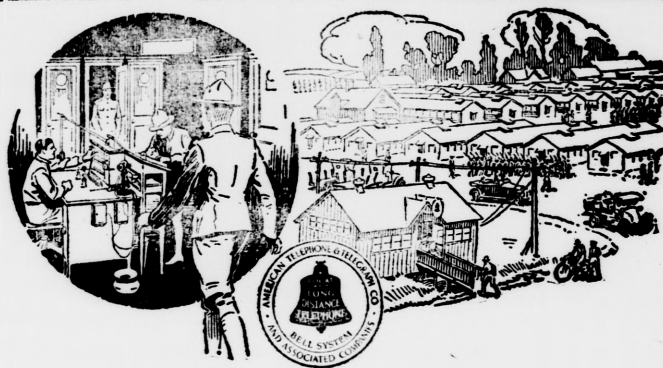
WILMINGTON MIDDLETOWN
SEAFORD DOVER LAUREL



TEN REASONS WHY
YOU SHOULD NAME A
TRUST COMPANY AS
YOUR EXECUTOR OR
TRUSTEE

REASON NUMBER NINE

An individual seldom has the facilities necessary for the strict accounting required by law. This Trust Company maintains a system of accounting which is exact and in conformance with the requirements.



Bell Service In Uncle Sam's City

Huge army and navy cities have sprung up as if by magic; as any of our cities of the same size, they are completely equipped with telephone service.

In normal times such camp telephone systems would have taken nine months for manufacture and installation; in less than two months the military needs of the Nation were met.

Additional wire and cable facilities to nearby cities were constructed. Special switchboard equipment was required and furnished. And an operating force was trained for this national camp service.

Whether it be for camp or "back-home" service, Uncle Sam's soldier finds the Bell Telephone always at command.

Buy Baby Bonds—War Savings Stamps!

The Diamond State Telephone Company
E. P. Bardo, District Manager
Wilmington, Del.

EFFICIENCY "TILGHMANS" UNEXCELLED
OVER THIRTY YEARS

A FISH Fertilizers

Factory, Saulsbury, Maryland

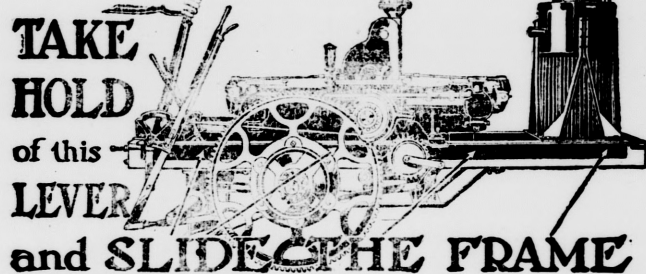
twelve Various Brands, Special Adopted Mixtures
for Corn, Tomatoes, Potatoes and all Kinds of Trucks

Compound Top-Dresses for Wheat and Grass

OUR FERTILIZERS ARE MADE OF
HIGH GRADE MATERIALS AND
WE CLAIM THEM TO BE 100 PER
CENT. EFFICIENT AS PRODUCERS

SOLD BY

J. N. KIRK Middletown Delaware



Here is the secret of the simplicity of the Avery Tractors—the Patented Avery Sliding Frame. The motor and radiator are mounted on an independent frame which slides on the main frame.

This patented sliding frame makes possible the elimination of all intermediate gears, shafting and bearings—parts that add expense for the owner and add weight to the tractor. The importance of this to you is that you get more power, less weight, economy in operation and increased durability in your tractor.

The Simplest Two Speed, Double Drive Tractor Built

You want simplicity in your tractor too, for it means that you can operate your tractor with more ease, and that your boy can run it too. The sliding frame makes this possible.

Remember, Avery Tractors are built in a size for any size farm. They are fully described in the Avery Catalog. We also have some on our display floor which we will gladly demonstrate to you.

The Shannahan & Wrightson Hardware Company

Distributors of Avery Machinery
Easton, Maryland



Aid The Red Cross

On Monday, May 20th, the Nation begins its 6 day campaign to raise \$100,000,000 for the AMERICAN RED CROSS, the largest and most efficient system for the relief of suffering the world has ever known, mainly volunteers working without pay; its 22,000,000 members supporting it by dues and gifts. In times of great calamity it feeds and clothes entire populations. A magnificent, a divine benefaction for the whole world—The American Red Cross!

Read what it is doing to win this war

1—Efficiently aiding our Army and Navy.

2—Heartening our Allies, infusing a new spirit into their war weary armies and peoples rescuing the heroic Belgium and French people who have for over three years stood between us and the menace of the Hun; feeding and clothing their thousands of homeless women and children driven from their devastated cities and towns.

3—Providing Canteens for our soldiers at the front, food and hot drinks—1,000,000, meals in December; keeping war houses crammed with goods all along the French and Italian lines and at seaports; caring for consumptives, and for blind and maimed soldiers

4—All the vast labors of thousands of devoted women toiling here at home for our soldiers in the camps and in the trenches, and for the sick and wounded in hospitals.

Fogel & Burstan appeal to their generous Patrons and the Public to lend a hearty hand to this noble Cause whose blessed light, like a vision from Heaven is falling upon all this darkness of War's horror, suffering and death, 1st, in recognition of its splendid work, and 2d, because YOUR son, YOUR brother YOUR sweetheart, may soon need its help.

Not to clash with the Red Cross campaign, the raising of Middletown's \$500 quota to the Jewish War Relief, has been postponed, and on Tuesday evening in the Town Hall, the famous Snellenburg Minstrel troupe of 38 members will give their entertaining program. Tickets now for sale at Fogel & Burstan's, Letherbury's Berkman's Rosenberg's, Fromkin's, Lessin's Holtz's and Berg's stores.

FOGEL & BURSTAN'S DEPT. STORE

MIDDLETOWN DELAWARE

Wilmington Morning News

The Paper That Gives the News First to the People of Delaware

Because of Its Strategic Location The Wilmington Morning News Gives Its Readers News of the World From Three to Ten Hours Earlier Than Any Other Paper Sold in Delaware

THE WILMINGTON MORNING NEWS financial and sporting pages are unequalled by any paper in Delaware—The News gives it first.

THE WILMINGTON MORNING NEWS has a special leased wire for receiving the great Associated Press service.

THE WILMINGTON MORNING NEWS has the best service for giving news from the Delaware and Maryland Peninsula.

Price of the WILMINGTON MORNING NEWS is
One Cent Per Copy, 25 cents per month, \$3.00
per year. WHY PAY MORE?

SPECIAL ADVANCE SUBSCRIPTION OFFER

GOOD FOR TEN DAYS ONLY

For \$1.00 we will send THE WILMINGTON MORNING NEWS three months and a WAR ATLAS giving 68 10"x12 1/4" pages of maps, illustrations, and other vital information for keeping informed on the world war.

For \$1.35 we will send THE WILMINGTON MORNING NEWS three months and a United States flag 3x5 feet in size. The flag has sewed stripes and printed stars and is guaranteed not to fade from sun or rain.

Address

Wilmington Morning News

511 Market Street

Wilmington

Delaware

GIVE WARNING TO SUGAR HOARDERS

Excess Amounts to Be Seized and Grocers Must Obey Food Rules.

SALE AND USE OF SUGAR.

Grocers may not sell to a customer more than five pounds of sugar at one time, unless a larger amount is needed for preserving, when a certificate may be obtained authorizing the purchase.

When a grocer believes a customer is buying sugar to hoard it, he is justified in refusing the order.

If the food administration learns that sugar is being hoarded it (the sugar) will be immediately seized.

Edmund Mitchell, Food Administrator for Delaware.

There is plenty of sugar for immediate needs, the Food Administration states, but if housewives attempt to buy in excess of their needs, there may be a shortage.

Hoarding will not be permitted if the Food Administration can prevent it. Wherever housewives have hoarded sugar, it will be seized immediately.

The Food Administration looks upon sugar hoarders in the light of profiteers, because they are hindering this country from giving all of its time to prosecuting the war and sending to the more than 500,000 United States soldiers now in France food and supplies.

Selling sugar at exorbitant prices and in unreasonable quantities has cost the Food Administration license of the White Star Confectionery Company, of Boston, Mass. At a hearing before the Massachusetts Administrator, the company admitted its guilt. In addition to losing its license it will be required to donate \$200 to the Red Cross.

NEW FLOUR IN OLD RECIPES.

Many housekeepers have experimented with the substitute cereals and know just how to use them in muffins and other breads. Weight for weight these flours and bran absorb the same amount of moisture and require the same measure of baking powder to raise them as wheat flour. You can use the new flours in old recipes if you substitute equal weights for the wheat flour called for. A cup of wheat flour sifted and measured lightly weighs four ounces; the table below gives the equivalent of four ounces of substitutes expressed in cups.

Weight Equivalents.

One cup (4 oz.) wheat flour equals—	
Barley flour.....	1 1/3 cup
Corn flour.....	1 cup
Fine corn meal.....	1 cup
Coarse corn meal.....	4/5 cup
Buckwheat.....	4/5 cup
Rice flour.....	4/5 cup
Hominy grits.....	4/5 cup
Rolls oats (ground).....	2/3 cup

The above equivalents represent an average on these flours, but different mills turn out different grades of flour and weight is the safest guide. If you have no scales sift flour and measure lightly in a measuring cup.

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why use ordinary cough remedies, when BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has been used so successfully for fifty-two years in all parts of the country for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectation in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health. Sold by MIDDLETOWN DRUG CO. INC.

Buy Wall Paper Now

We have just received Eleven Hundred Rolls of New Wall Paper, direct from the mills, the prices are soaring higher all the time. Call and see our stock. Paper is very scarce, and will be much higher in prices. We have some of the left over stock on hand, we are selling at the old prices.

Peterson's Dept. Store

REAL ESTATE SOLD

April 10th. Dwelling of James Jarrell, to Joshua Simmons.
April 25th. Ryan dwelling, to John P. Vandegrift.
May 9th. Dwelling of John P. McIntyre to Edward M. Records.
JOHN HELDMYER, JR.
Middletown, Del.



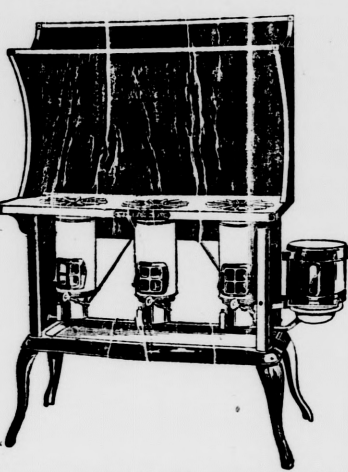
How to Cut down your Fuel Expenses

THINK how much coal you burn in a range when you're not cooking. That's all wasted—money thrown away. And Uncle Sam wants every housewife who can, to save coal. Here is a good way for you to do your part. Use an oil cook stove instead of the fuel-wasting coal range. Then the only time you use fuel is when you are cooking. And that fuel, kerosene, is much more economical than coal.

NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK-STOVES

not only give most satisfactory results—they save steps in house work and do all the cooking just as well (usually better) than a coal range.

Think how easy it is to strike a match and have an intense heat in less than a minute. No coal or wood to carry. No getting down on hands and knees to rake and poke at the fire. Your New Perfection is always ready when you are.



But after you do get your New Perfection be careful what kind of kerosene you use. There is only one kind that will always give most satisfactory results. It is called Atlantic Rayolight Oil to distinguish it from the other kinds. Ask for it by name. Atlantic Rayolight Oil is so highly refined that it burns without smoke, smell or sputter. Gives a more intense heat, too.

Select your New Perfection Oil Cook stove now. There's a dealer near you.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY
Philadelphia and Pittsburgh



ATLANTIC Rayolight OIL



Large Public Sale

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION AT MY STABLES IN GALENA, MD.

Friday May 24, 1918,

rain or shine

35 to 40 head of cattle

Consisting of Fresh Cows, Springers, Heifers and Stock Bulls.

25 to 40 head of Horses and Mules

Make Special Mention of one pair of Iron Gray Mares, 5 years old, and well mated; 3 pairs of good young and Mules. Lot of good serviceable horses and mules on commission.

A party discontinuing farming will sell all his implements and stock at this sale, consisting of 4 good farm wagons, one low wheel truck, 3 hay rickings, 3 binders, one new, only cut part of a season; one riding plow, one 3-horse plow, 2 Hyland rollers, 1 hay rake, 1 disc or seeders, 2 drills, lot of old wagon harness, plow harness, collars, bridles and other things too numerous to mention.

Will begin sale at 10.30 a. m. at there will be lots of implements and stock to sell this time. Will begin implements at 11 a. m., so come early and by so doing you will make money, as everything will positively be sold for the high dollar.

TERMS CASH

S. G. CALDWELL

My next sale will be June 7th.

CHOICE BRANDS OF FERTILIZERS

For Corn, Potatoes and Tomatoes

Now in Warehouses

J. C. DAVIS, Middletown, Del.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of A. L. v. to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, Southeast Corner of Eleventh and King Streets, City of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF MAY, 1918, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

the following described Real Estate, viz: ALL that certain lot or piece of land with a brick dwelling house thereon erected, and known as No. 1111 Beech Street, situated in the City of Wilmington and State of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:—

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Rosedale Street at the distance of one hundred and seventy feet westerly from the northwest corner of Van Buren and Beech Streets, thence northerly parallel with Van Buren Street eighty-five feet to the southerly side of a five foot six inches wide alley running parallel with Beech Street easterly and connecting with another alley four feet wide running from Beech to Seamore Street; thence easterly along the southerly side of first mentioned alley fourteen feet four inches to a corner; thence southerly parallel with said Van Buren Street and passing through the center of the division wall between the house on this lot and the house adjoining on the east eighty-five feet to the said northerly side of Beech Street; thence westerly fourteen feet four inches to the place of Beginning. Together with the free and uninterrupted right, use and privilege of the said mentioned alleys, in common with others entitled thereto forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Edward J. McGrath and Mary E., his wife, mortgagors and t. a. s. and to be sold by THEODORE W. FRANCIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., May 17, 1918.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Vend. Exp. to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, Southeast Corner of Eleventh and King Streets, City of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF MAY 1918 at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

the following described Real Estate, viz: No. 1. ALL that certain lot or piece of land with a brick stable thereon erected, situate in the City of Wilmington, New Castle County and State of Delaware, BEGINNING at a point at the distance of sixty-nine feet southerly from the southerly side of Elm Street, measured at right angles there from and at the distance of seventy-four feet easterly from the easterly side of Franklin Street, measured at right angles therefrom, being the southeasterly intersection of two four feet wide alleys; thence easterly parallel with Elm Street along the southerly side of a four feet wide alley running into Harrison Street, twenty-six feet to a corner; thence southerly parallel with Franklin Street fifty-four feet to the northerly side of a nine feet wide alley leading into Harrison and Franklin Street; thence along said side of said alley westerly parallel with Elm Street twenty-six feet to the southerly side of a four feet wide alley leading into Elm Street, and thence along said side of said alley northerly parallel with Franklin Street fifty-four feet to the place of BEGINNING. Be the contents what they may. Together with the free and uninterrupted use and privilege of all of said alleys excepting the four feet wide alley leading from the west side of Elm Street, in common with others entitled to forever. Subject, nevertheless, to an equitable share of the expenses of keeping said alleys in good order and repair.

No. 2. ALL those two certain lots, pieces or parcels of land (Herein described as one) situate in Brandywine Hundred, New Castle County and State of Delaware, and known on the plan of Montrose Terrace Addition as Lots Nos. 436 and 437, the said plan is of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, &c., in and for New Castle County aforesaid, in Deed Record D, Vol. 22, page 601, &c. and more particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit: BEGINNING at a corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Highland Avenue with the northwesterly side of Rosedale Avenue; thence northwesterly along said side of Rosedale Avenue to a corner; thence northerly parallel with said side of Rosedale Avenue one hundred feet to a corner; thence easterly parallel with said side of Rosedale Avenue forty feet to a corner; thence southerly along lot No. 436, thence southerly along lot No. 437, thence northerly parallel with said side of Rosedale Avenue one hundred feet to the place of BEGINNING. Be the contents what they may. Together with the free and uninterrupted use and privilege of all of said alleys excepting the four feet wide alley leading from the west side of Elm Street, in common with others entitled to forever. Subject, nevertheless, to an equitable share of the expenses of keeping said alleys in good order and repair.

The Good Sense Of Savin'g

With work never so plenty and wages never so high, the opportunity for saving was never so great. To say now that you can not save means simply that you will not. It is no longer a question of being able to, but of being willing to. As present conditions may not last, the wisest common sense ought to see the good sense of saving now. Do not put it off.

4 PER CENT. INTEREST PAID ON ALL DEPOSITS. NO CHARGE MADE FOR ANY ACCOUNT

WILMINGTON SAVINGS FUND SOCIETY

S. E. Cor. 5th and Market Sts., Wilmington, Delaware

CATTLE PASTURE

Best cattle pasture in the state, Long Island farm on the Delaware river plenty of water, grass and shade, one dollar a head per month.

J. F. Fox, Odessa, Del.

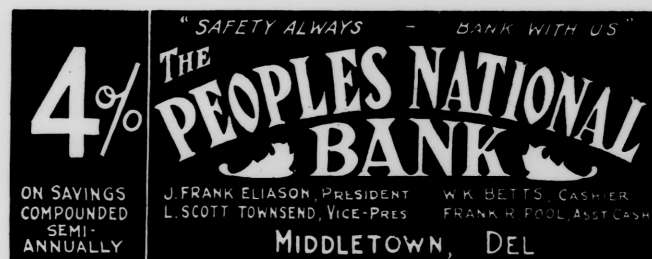


Having the Right Kind

of a Bank back you is an important factor in your business. You can't be too careful in making a selection.

This Bank

wants your account and makes every effort to safeguard the business interest of depositors. If you need funds we accord every accommodation consistent with safety.



An Enormous Stock

The greatest we have ever shown. Everything to wear for Men and Boys, every size, all ages.

Men's Suits, \$10 to \$50
Young Men's \$15 to \$50
Latest in Straw Hats
Low Shoes
Summer Shirts
and all at moderate prices.

An Immense Business

The biggest we have ever done, and when you see the stock, styles and prices you will know why. Come see us, we will save you time, money and trouble.

Mullin's Home Store

Sixth and Market WILMINGTON

The Transcript, \$1.00

THERE IS A SUIT

Here that will Fit Your Personality



Each suit is carefully tailored by a master workman—he gives freely from his wonderful skill, producing from beautiful fabrics, garments that are masterpieces.

For your spring and summer wear Mr. Man and young man we offer you a choice from scores of handsome new models in green, blues, browns, olives, grays, stripes, checks, plaids and mixtures. Styles vary from the ultra smart English to the most conservative of American athletic models.

One thought that will impress you first and grow with your knowledge of this store and its merchandise is "Our sincere and ever present desire to give you the most for your money in style, quality and service."

Meltsner Bros. Suits

\$10, \$15, \$16.50, \$25.

Mens, Ladies and Children's Shoes

At the very lowest prices

The Globe Clothing Store

S. M. ROSENBERG, Proprietor

Middletown,

Delaware



Bookkeepers, Stenographers, Secretaries,

Rapid promotion is assured to young people in such positions. The Goldie College plan of teaching the commercial branches insures a thorough preparation for business success in the least possible time.

New building, modern equipment, expert teachers, best systems and very attractive rates.

Newly issued catalog with important facts for everyone about to enter business sent on request.

GOLDEY COLLEGE

Ninth street at Tatnall Wilmington, Del.

Every Evening

2c a COPY

Owing to the increased cost of Publication, the Every Evening advanced Wednesday, May 1st. Every Evening now sells at 2c a copy retail, and where service is by carrier or agent price is 12c a week. Mail subscriptions a month and \$5.00 a year, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Every Evening is non returnable with dealers and those desiring a copy of the paper regularly should order in advance with their dealer.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

NEWS SERVICE

(Exclusive in Evening Field in Delaware)

A COMPETENT STAFF OF

LOCAL WRITERS

CORRESPONDENTS IN

EVERY TOWN IN DELAWARE

NUMEROUS EXCLUSIVE

DAILY FEATURES

REGULARLY IN EVERY EVENING

NOW 2c a COPY

AND WORTH IT

Valve-In-Head Motor Cars

BUICK AND CHEVROLET

SHALLCROSS' GARAGE

E. M. SHALLCROSS, Prop.

Phone 110 for Demonstration.



Hackett's Gape Cure

Kill the Worm as well as the Germ. Makes Poultry raising Both Profitable and Pleasant.

Your money returned if not satisfied. It is almost infallible. HACKETT'S GAPE CURE, 25c., postpaid. HACKETT'S LOUSE POWDER, 25c., postpaid.

HACKETT'S GAPE CURE CO., Hillsboro, Md.

THE TOILET NECESSITY

of the 20th century woman many and varied. There are certain articles which every woman must have. We have them in large assortment, to say of our patent medicines and Everything that a druggist can be found at our pharmacy. Give us a call.

MIDDLETOWN DRUG

Earnest A. Truitt, Ph. G. M. Middletown, Del.